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Rules For Aspiring Authors by Anton Pavlovich Chekhov

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While reading my way through Chekhov's work, I stumbled upon [one curious text](#). A listicle, writing advice from the master himself. And I thought it would be fun to translate and share it with you, not for the sake of helping to learn something or adding value, of course, but just to present what Anton Pavlovich considered as rules for authors. It's humorous, satirical, harsh and direct and completely orthogonal to what writing advice appears to be in our era, but not because it's outdated – it's timeless enough, you'll see – but rather because some things aren't being discussed or mentioned at all.

Rules for Aspiring Authors were printed in 1885, the issue №12 of *The Wake-up Caller* magazine¹, on page 145. The issue was dedicated to the magazine's 20th-year jubilee and *the Rules* were presented as a jubilee gift for the readers: "It is also said, there is no group that does not split up. The jubilee is over. In conclusion – a little gift..."



In 1904, in *The Wake-up Caller* № 27, on 18 July, Chekhov's obituary was printed. Right after the obituary, *the Rules* you are about to read were printed as well, together with *A Toast in Honour of Prose Writers*,

both under one heading *Chekhov's pages*.

"...We present here," the obituary said, "two fine examples of Chekhov's original humour, two short articles which appeared in the pages of *The Wake-up Caller* some twenty years ago and touch on the life and work of a Russian writer, which title was sacred to Chekhov."

Today, I present you only *the Rules For Aspiring Authors*, but later I might translate the other piece included in "Chekhov's pages" as well. I enjoyed writing footnotes for them. They are a combination of my translator's struggles, interesting facts and notes to understand the context better.

Shall we?



Any newborn baby should be thoroughly bathed and, after giving him a rest from his first impressions, severely whipped and told: "Don't write!"

Don't write! Don't be a writer!" If, in spite of this punishment, the baby will show writing tendencies, a caress should be tried. If a caress doesn't help, give up on the baby – he is as good as lost¹. The writing itch is incurable.

The path of the writer from start to finish is paved with thorns, nails and nettle, and therefore any sensible person must remove himself from writing by any means. However, if inexorable fate, despite all warnings, pushes someone on the path of authorship, to mitigate his fate, such a miserable person should be guided by the following rules.

- It should be remembered, that occasional authorship and authorship *à propos* is better than regular writing. A conductor^[^2] writing poetry lives a better life than a poet not serving as a conductor.
- It should be also borne in mind, failure in the literary field is one thousand times better than luck. The former is penalised only by disappointment and upsetting frankness of the mailbox, the latter entails a lingering quest for fees, getting the fees in the 1899 year coupons^[^3], “consequences” and new attempts.
- Writing as “Art for Art’s sake” is more profitable than creating for filthy lucre. Writers don’t buy houses, don’t travel in first-class compartments, don’t play roulette, and don’t eat sterlet^[^4] fish soup. Their food is honey and acrid^[^5] cooked by Savrasenkov^[^6], their dwell in pre-furnished rooms, their way of transportation is walking.
- Glory is a vivid patch on a ramshackle poet’s garment ^[^7], but literary fame is conceivable only in those countries where people do not look into the “Dictionary of 30,000 foreign words”^[^8] to comprehend the word “literator”^[^9].
- Everyone without distinction of rank, religion, age, sex, educational qualifications or marital status may try to write. Even the insane, the amateur stagehands and the disenfranchised are not banned from writing. It is desirable, however, that those climbing Parnassus^[^10] should be as mature as possible and know that the words “to ride” and “bread” are spelt with “e”^[^11].
- Preferably they should, if possible, be neither cadets nor gymnasts.
- It is assumed that the writer, apart from having ordinary mental

faculties, should have experience behind him. The highest fees are paid to people who have been to go through fire, water and trumpets^[12], while the lowest are paid to those who are untouched and unspoiled. The former are those who married for the third time, failed suicide, gambled themselves to smithereens, fought a duel, escaped from debts, and so on. The latter are those who have had no debts, who are grooms, non-drinkers, institute-scholar girls^[13], etc.

- It's not hard to become a writer. There's no freak that can't find a match, and there's no nonsense that can't find a suitable reader. Hence don't be shy... Put the paper down in front of you, take the nib pen in your hand, irritate the captive thought^[14], and scribble. Scribble about whatever you like: prunes, weather, Govorovsky kvass^[15], the Great Ocean, the hour hand, last year's snow... When you have finished scribbling, take the manuscript in your hands and, with a sense of holy trembling in your veins, go to the editor's office. Take off your galoshes^[16] in the front door and ask: "Is Mr Editor here?", enter the sanctuary and, full of hope, hand over your creation... After that, for a week, you lie at home on the divan, spit on the ceiling and indulge in dreams, and then after a week go to the editorial office and get your manuscript back. This is followed by knocking on doors of other editorial offices... When all the editorial offices are bypassed and nowhere the manuscript is accepted, print your work as a standalone edition. Readers will be found.
- Yet becoming a writer who is published and read is very difficult. To do so: be perfectly literate and have a talent at least the size of a lentil seed. The absence of big talents means the absence of long journeys.
- Be decent. Don't claim what's stolen as your own, don't print the same thing in two magazines at once, don't claim to be Kurochkin and Kurochkin to be you, don't call a foreign thing an original, etc. In general, remember the Ten Commandments.
- In the printing world, there is decorum. Just as in life, it is not advisable to step on someone else's favourite calluses, blow your nose in someone else's handkerchief, put your fingertips into someone else's dish, etc.
- If you want to write, do this. Choose a topic first. You have complete freedom here. You are free to use your arbitrariness and even your self-control. But, in order not to discover America a second time and reinvent again gunpowder, avoid topics that have been hackneyed for a long time.
- Once you have chosen a topic, take a rust-free pen and in legible, not scribbly handwriting, write what you want on one side of the paper,

leaving the other side untouched. The latter is desirable not so much for the sake of increasing the profits of paper manufacturers, but for other, supreme considerations.

- When giving free rein to your imagination, hold back your hand. Don't let it chase the number of lines. The shorter and less often you write, the more and more often you get published. Brevity doesn't spoil things at all. A stretched rubber erases a pencil no better than an unstretched one.
 - Once you have written it, sign it. If you don't chase fame and don't want to get beaten up, use a pseudonym. But remember that no matter what kind of visor hides you from the public, your name and address must be known to the publisher. This is just in case the publisher wants to wish you a Happy New Year.
 - Receive your fee as soon as it is printed. Avoid advance payments. Advances are eating up the future.
 - Once you've got your fee, do whatever you want with it: buy yourself a steamboat, dehydrate the marsh, have your photograph taken, order a bell from Finlyandsky[^17], triple the size of your wife's bustle... in short, whatever you want. The editorial office, together with your fee, gives you full freedom of action. Although, if an employee wants to send an invoice, showing how and where he spent his fee, the editorial office will have nothing against that.
 - In conclusion, read again the first few lines of these "Rules".
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Notes

1. I am using "The Wake-up Caller" instead of "The Alarm Clock" because it's closer etymologically to the original title "Budilnik" ("Будильник").

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